

**ERRATA**  
**TOPICS IN MICROECONOMICS**  
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Please note that I maintain a website at

<http://www.wiwi.hu-berlin.de/institute/wt1/topics/index.html>

There you find many exercises and slides in pdf-format to support the adoption of the book.

Of course, I appreciate to be notified of further recommendations and corrections.

## Acknowledgments

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## Corrections

**page 39; line 11** Replace equation (1.62) with

$$((1 - 2x_1)(1 + \delta) - \delta 2x_2) \leq 0 \text{ and } (\cdot \cdot \cdot)x_1 = 0, \quad (1.62)$$

**page 54; line 21** Also, since .... one has  $\pi^* + rk = \rho k$  (instead of  $\pi^* - rk$ ...)

**pages 67 and 77** ... Cournot (1838) ...

**page 103; line 15** ... in the form of a price hike, ... (instead of ... price reduction, ...)

**page 131; line 12** Replace by:

To a certain extent ...

**page 138; footn. 4** Replace by:

Define  $U^{-1}(z) := \sup\{x \mid U(x) = z\}$ . This may seem ...

**page 140; example 4.1** Replace the example by:

Consider the probability distribution functions over the three outcomes,  $x_1, x_2, x_3$ , stated in Table 4.1 and two monotone increasing utility functions: a)  $U(x_1) = 0.5, U(x_2) = 1, U(x_3) = 2$  and b)  $U(x_1) = 0.5, U(x_2) = 1.5, U(x_3) = 2$ . Obviously, b)  $\Rightarrow E[U(Y)] > E[U(X)]$ , and a)  $\Rightarrow E[U(Y)] < E[U(X)]$ .

**page 141; Proposition 4.4** Omit the word “strictly”.

**page 142; footn. 6** Replace by:

Sketch of alternative proof (using integration by parts, twice): Let  $Z(x) := \bar{F}(x) - \bar{G}(x) = G(x) - F(x)$ . Then,

$$\begin{aligned} E[U(X)] - E[U(Y)] &= - \int_{\underline{x}}^{\bar{x}} U(x) dZ(x) \\ &= \int_{\underline{x}}^{\bar{x}} U'(x) Z(x) dx \\ &= U'(\bar{x}) \int_{\underline{x}}^{\bar{x}} Z(y) dy - \int_{\underline{x}}^{\bar{x}} U''(x) \int_{\underline{x}}^x Z(y) dy dx \\ &\geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

**page 155, line 6** replace “... and risk-averse bidders” by “... and risk-neutral bidders”.

**page 156 in the middle of the proof of Proposition 5.9** ... - again by Lemma 4.2 - “ $X_1$  would SSD dominate  $P(\lambda)$ ” ... should be ... - again by Lemma 4.2 - “ $P(\lambda)$  cannot SSD dominate  $X_1$  ...”.

**page 157 in the proof of Proposition 5.10** In the chain of SSD relationships, the first one should be weak, i.e.  $\succeq$  instead of  $\succ$ .

**page 166 equations (6.1) and (6.2)** Replace (6.1) by

$$(\forall x) : -\frac{U_A''(x)}{U_A'(x)} \geq -\frac{U_B''(x)}{U_B'(x)}$$

and equation (6.2) by

$$(\forall x) : -\frac{U_A''(x)}{U_A'(x)} x \geq -\frac{U_B''(x)}{U_B'(x)} x.$$

page 166 The example of constant relative risk aversion should be

$$U(x) := \alpha - \beta x^{-r+1}$$

page 168 line 7 Replace by

$$L_2 := [w_1 - \pi_u, w_2 - \pi_u; p]$$

page 168 in the second line of the expression for  $EU(L)$  The last term should be

$$\frac{p}{2} U''(w_1) \epsilon^2$$

page 168 equation (6.5) Replace by

$$-\frac{U_A''(w_1)}{U_A'(w_2)} = a e^{a(w_2-w_1)} < b e^{b(w_2-w_1)} = -\frac{U_B''(w_1)}{U_B'(w_2)}.$$

page 170, line 19 Replace by

$$U_i(x) := x - \gamma_i x^2, \quad x < \frac{\gamma_B}{2}, \quad i \in \{A, B\}$$

page 170, line 25 Replace by

$$G(x) := U_A(x) - U_B(x) = -(\gamma_a - \gamma_b)x^2.$$

page 171 line 5 Replace by

$$1 < \frac{\gamma_a}{\gamma_b} = \frac{\alpha_B E[(Y-X)^2] + E[X(Y-X)]}{\alpha_A E[(Y-X)^2] + E[X(Y-X)]}.$$

page 171 Definition 6.3 Replace the first inequality by

$$(\forall x, \forall y > 0) : \frac{U''(x+y)}{U'(x+y)} \geq \frac{U''(x)}{U'(x)}$$

and the second inequality by

$$(\forall x \forall y > 0) (\exists \lambda) : \frac{U''(x+y)}{U''(x)} \leq \lambda \leq \frac{U'(x+y)}{U'(x)}$$

page 177 Replace the Table by

	$s_1$	$s_2$	$s_3$	$s_4$
$s_1$		1		3
$s_2$			1	3
$s_3$	1			3
$s_4$				

page 195 Correct second last to last line:  $\rho(x) := \Pr\{b^*(V_{(n-1)}) < b^*(x)\} = \Pr\{V_{(n-1)} < x\} = F(x)^{n-1}$ .

page 196, line 6 Replace  $\rho^*(0) = 0$  by  $b^*(0) = 0$ .

page 200, 3-rd line from bottom Replace (??) by (8.40)

page 201, line 12 Replace (??) by (8.40)

page 222; first line of eq. (8.79) replace by

$$\begin{aligned} \pi(v_0, \hat{v}) &= \hat{v} + \Pr\{b^*(V_{(n)}) \geq v_0\} (E[b^*(V_{(n)}) \mid b^*(V_{(n)}) \geq v_0] - \hat{v}) \\ &= \dots \end{aligned}$$

page 255; figure 9.7 Replace Figure 9.7 by:

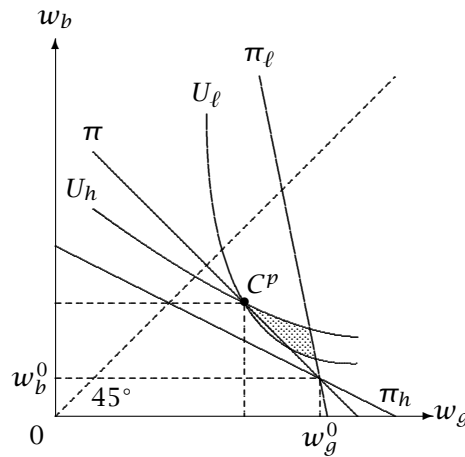


Fig. 9.7. Pooling Cannot Occur in Equilibrium

page 273; line 16 Replace  $y^* \in [0, q^*]$  by  $y^* \in [0, q_0]$ .

page 283; equation (11.3)

$$\Pi(a_h) = 0.5(y_g + y_b - 144)$$

page 285; first paragraph Given  $s$ , the principal sets the smallest  $w_0$  that assures participation by the principal; therefore,

$$w_0(s) = \frac{1}{2}s^2(r\sigma^2 - 1).$$

Finally, the principal solves  $\max_s \pi^*(s, w_0^*(s))$  which gives

$$\begin{aligned} s^* &= \frac{1}{1 + r\sigma^2} \\ w_0^* &= \frac{r\sigma^2 - 1}{2(r\sigma^2 + 1)^2}. \end{aligned}$$

and the principal's equilibrium payoff  $\Pi^* := \pi^*(s^*, w_0(s^*))$  follows immediately.

**page 286; equation (11.10)**

$$U(a_i) := \sum_{s=1}^n p_s(a_i)u(w_s) - c(a_i). \quad (11.10)$$

**page 288; example 11.2** Suppose  $u(w) := \ln(w)$ ,  $n = 3$  (three states) ...

**page 353** Cournot, A. A. (1838). ...

**page 356** The paper by Holmstrom and Milgrom (1990) was published in the *Journal of Law, Economics, and Organization*, 7: 125-152.